

**Surrey Heath Borough Council Deadline 3 Submission
Written Response to the ExA's request for a corporate
position on the routing of the proposed pipeline in
the Turf Hill area**



**Esso Petroleum Company Limited Southampton to London Pipeline Project
Application for a Development Consent Order**

Project reference no. EN070005

Introduction

1. Action point 30 of the Hearing Action Points arising from the Issue Specific Hearing on Environmental Matters on the 3rd December 2019 requests that 'Surrey Heath provide a response on comparison of two route alternatives including traffic impacts on Guildford Road and Red Road'. This written representation outlines the Council's position, taking into account the responses the Council has provided since the Southampton to London Pipeline Project was launched in December 2017. The representation also draws on comments that have been made at the examination or in writing by the applicant in respect of the Turf Hill section of the application route.

Surrey Heath Borough Council's response to route consultations prior to the submission of the Application to the Planning Inspectorate

2. In response to the SLP Project's replacement pipeline corridor consultation in April 2018, the focus of Surrey Heath's representation was on a potential corridor which was routed in close proximity to Frimley Park Hospital and was therefore considered to result in significant and unacceptable impacts, for example vehicle and emergency services access to the Hospital.
3. The Council made general comments on the wider corridor options and noted the corridor which aligned with the existing pipeline constituted the most appropriate location in the Borough. It is noted that Corridor included the entirety of Turf Hill and a large section of Red Road. However, the Council noted that *'any works that take place will have to have regard to Special Areas of Conservation and the Thames Basin Heaths Special Protection Area if within or adjacent to such designations to ensure that harm to these habitats is avoided during construction'*.
4. In response to the SLP Project's Preferred Route Consultation in October 2018, the Turf Hill area of the preferred route fell within Section F: Bisley and Pirbright Ranges to M25. The Surrey Heath Response stated that *'disruption to Red Road could lead to significant congestion in the area. The Council would therefore seek for the pipeline to be routed along the sub-option that would result in the least disruption to Red Road'*. It is noted that there were three sub-options for Red Road and it was not clear which route would have the least impact on traffic congestion on Red Road.
5. In response to SLP Project's design refinements consultation in February 2019, the Council generally welcomed the pipeline route for Section F: Bisley and Pirbright Ranges to M25, including the proposed reduction to reduce the time taken to install the pipeline in Red Road. However, the Council noted that there remains potential for significant disruption to Red Road.
6. It is important to note that at this stage, and indeed as remains the case in the Council's opinion, information had not been provided to assess the detailed, site

specific impacts of construction activities in the Turf Hill area due to insufficient information on potential tree loss, flood risk and more recently the implications of the water main potentially located within the order limits of the submitted DCO application. The Council would reiterate local residents concerns that if the applicant is not currently aware of the actual location of the water main, the order limits as submitted may not be viable in the eventuality that the water main were to cover a wider area of the route than previously anticipated.

Surrey Heath Borough Council's corporate position on the pipeline route as submitted

7. SHBC notes that any replacement pipeline route in this area has the potential for significant impacts, both for local residents and the natural environment. It is noted that the Thames Basin Heaths SPA was designated after the existing pipeline had been constructed. The Council acknowledges the impacts on and concerns of local residents, as set out in Surrey Heath's Local Impact Report, and recognises the detailed representations that Lightwater residents have made as part of the Examination.
8. It is the Council's position that the impact of the pipeline proposals on local residents, trees and protected species in the Lightwater area needs to be mitigated and minimised. It is the Council's view that insufficient information has been provided to fully assess the impact of construction activities within the proposed route, or any alternative routes.
9. The Council has proposed a new tree requirement (paragraph 2.16 of Surrey Heath BC's LIR) and is of the view that this would help minimise the impact of the loss of trees in this area and the associated impacts on local residents. This would also assist in minimising the impacts of tree loss along Guildford Road and throughout the replacement pipelines construction in Surrey Heath Borough Council.
10. The Council has also sought clarity on the potential implications of the Affinity Water main which is potentially located within the order limits, as well as requesting the ExA to seek assurances from the Environment Agency and Surrey County Council in respect of construction impacts on flooding in the Lightwater area. Moreover, the Council has requested that the applicant produces a site-specific Construction Method Statement for the Turf Hill section of the replacement pipeline, providing greater certainty as to the potential impacts and associated mitigation measures.
11. The Council recognises the sequential approach the applicant has adopted to select the final proposed route in the Turf Hill area, seeking to avoid the sensitive Sand Lizard and primary heathland habitat within the Thames Basin Heaths Special SPA, and agrees with the applicant that the environmental constraints in

this area are very complex. For that reason SHBC set out in our Local Impact Report that the ExA requires specialist ecological advice.

12. Indeed, in the absence of detailed comments from Natural England or the Surrey Wildlife Trust being submitted to the ExA, the Council has found it difficult to conclude on the issue of the potential for adverse impacts on the Thames Basin Heaths Special Protection Area as a result of construction activities in the SPA. That said working in partnership with other impacted Local Planning Authorities, the Council has been in discussions with the Ecological Officer at Rushmoor and is concerned at the paucity of information that has been provided to demonstrate that there will be no adverse impact on the Thames Basin Heaths SPA, given the scale of works proposed in European Sites in Surrey Heath Borough Council.
13. Furthermore, the Council is surprised that a large construction compound is proposed to be sited on Guildford Road, extending into the Thames Basin Heaths SPA, with no clear justification given as to why this is considered by the applicant to be the most appropriate location for the compound. SHBC is likewise surprised that Natural England have not provided detailed comments in respect of the construction compound, given the implications for the area of the heathland habitats included in the order limits.
14. As part of the Examination and in response to the ExA's Written Question TH.1.3, the Applicant made representation that the:

'Surrey Heath adopted Management Plan for Turf Hill which states: To protect, create and maintain a diverse community structure of all the natural habitat types, but taking particular account of the heathland habitat for which the site was designated an S.S.S.I.' In addition, the Management Plan for Turf Hill identifies 'In compartment 7 retain mature trees whilst removing 75% of the saplings and scrub in order to encourage the development of a heathy understorey'. The trees in this area are coniferous (pine) plantation woodland'.
15. As stated above, the management plan clearly outlines that mature trees should be retained and 75% of saplings and scrub removed. In the tree survey provided to the Council in July (See Annex 1 for the Tree Survey Schedule provided to the Council), page 2 clearly illustrates that all of the 133 trees identified in the survey were semi-mature or older, with the majority being classified mature. It is therefore surprising that the applicant would refer to the Surrey Heath adopted Management Plan for Turf Hill, given that it clearly identified that mature trees should be retained and no young or newly planted trees were identified.
16. Whilst highlighting points of clarification from the Hearing sessions, the Council wishes to apologise to the ExA for stating in the Hearing that Surrey Wildlife Trust manages this area. The Council has sought further clarification on this point and wishes to highlight to the ExA that the Council owns and manages this area of Turf Hill.

17. Furthermore, as part of the Examination and in response to the ExA's Written Question TH.1.5, the Council is concerned about the emphasis that has been placed by the applicant on a site visit with the Surrey Heath Greenspace Officer on the 26th September 2018. The Officer was not aware of the wider context and implications of the site visit and attended in good faith. The Planning Policy Team, who were the primary contact for the project, or Senior Officers were not invited or made aware of the site visit. As such, any comments provided by the Greenspace Officer need to be understood in the context in which they were given, indeed do not represent the Council's Corporate position which takes into account a wide range environmental and local community considerations, including protected species.
18. The ExA has requested that Surrey Heath addresses potential traffic impacts for Red Road and Guildford Road. It is the Council's understanding that neither Red Road or Guildford Road is proposed for closure during the construction of the replacement pipeline. As previously, noted as part of the Statutory Preferred Route consultation there were three sub-options for Red Road and it was not clear which route would have the least impact on traffic congestion on Red Road given that detailed design work had not been completed at this stage. From a highways perspective, the Council is of the understanding that of the route options previously consulted on, it is likely that the selected route will have the least disruption, as is the case for Guildford Road. However, the Council notes Surrey County Council is the relevant highways authority in this respect.
19. However, as noted by Lightwater residents at the examination, there is a degree of flexibility as to the level at which Red Road would be affected for any given route. The Council reiterates that any works that take place will have to have regard to Special Areas of Conservation and the Thames Basin Heaths Special Protection Area if within or adjacent to such designations to ensure that harm to these habitats is avoided during the proposed pipeline construction.
20. The Council reiterates the comments raised in its Deadline 2 Written Representation (application document 000874) that until the location of the potential pipeline is determined and more details are provided in respect of the likely tree loss on Turf Hill and in other areas is fully established, it is difficult for Surrey Heath and local impacted residents to fully understand and evaluate the potential impacts of the proposed pipeline construction.

Tree Survey Schedule - Key

Life Stage	Description
NP	Newly planted
Y (Young)	An establishing tree that could be easily transplanted.
SM (Semi Mature)	An established tree still to reach its ultimate height and spread and with considerable growth potential.
EM (Early Mature)	A tree reaching its ultimate height and whose growth is slowing however it will still increase considerably in stem diameter and crown spread.
M (Mature)	A tree with limited potential for further significant increase in size although likely to have a considerable safe useful life expectancy.
OM (Over Mature)	A senescent or moribund tree with a limited useful life expectancy.
V (Veteran)	A tree older than typical for the species and of great ecological, cultural or aesthetic value.

Abbreviations	Description
Stem Ø (mm) at 1.5m	Diameter of stem in millimetres at 1.5m above ground level for single-stemmed trees or in accordance with Annex C of BS 5837 for multi-stemmed trees or trees with low forks or irregular stems.
Stems	Numbers of stems or M/S = Multi-Stemmed.
Height of (FSB)	Height of First Significant Branch above ground level.
Crown Spread NSEW	Crown spread at the four points, North, South, East and West.
Condition	Condition of the tree observed at the time of surveying G = Good; F = Fair; P = Poor; D = dead

Est Remaining Contribution (Years)	Estimated Remaining Contribution in Years (<10, 10+, 20+, 40+)
------------------------------------	--

BS Category	Description
A	High quality and value (non-fiscal) with at least 40 years remaining life expectancy.
B	Moderate quality and value with at least 20 years remaining life expectancy.
C	Low quality and value with at least 10 years remaining life expectancy, or young trees with a stem diameter below 150 mm.
U	Unsuitable for retention. The existing condition is such that the tree/ trees cannot be realistically retained as in the context of the current land use for longer than 10 years. Note, category U trees can have existing or potential conservation value which it might be desirable to preserve.
Radii Single Stem (m)	Root Protection Radius in metres based on stem diameter.
RPA	Root Protection Area. A layout design tool indicating the minimum area surrounding the tree that contains sufficient rooting volume to maintain the tree's viability, and where the protection of the roots and soil structure is treated as a priority. Assessed according to the recommendations set out in clause 4.6 of BS 5837. It is calculated by multiplying the radius squared by 3.142. Clause 4.6.2 of BS 5837 states that the RPA may be changed in shape, taking into account local site factors, species tolerance, condition and root morphology.

Over 30 Years of Service, Value and Innovation

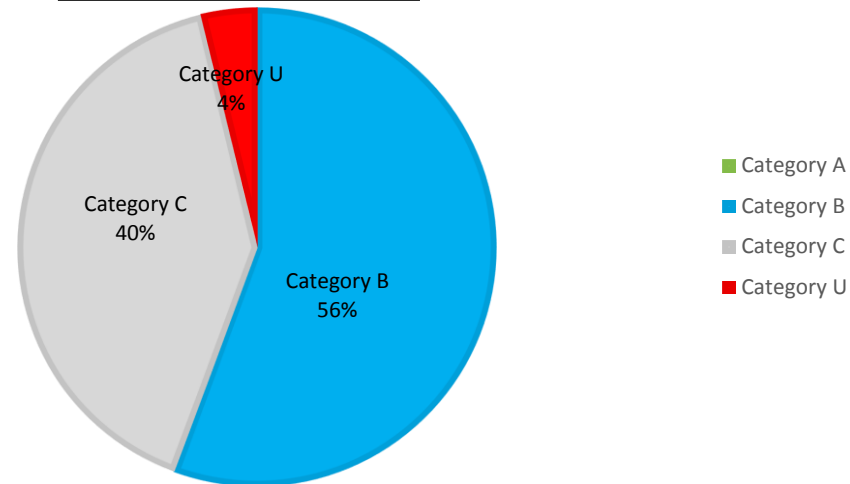
The Black Barr, Hall Road, Lavenham, Suffolk CO10 9QX
 tel: 01787 248216 fax: 01787 247264 email: jamesblake@jba-landmarc.com
 Chairman: James Blake BA (Hons) Dip LA (Hons) CMLJ
 Company Secretary: Louise Blake BSc PGCE
 Directors: Elzbieta Zabrowska MSc Eng LArch MScEnvSc CMLJ ; Kevin Slezacek DipArb MArborA
 Associate Directors: Vivienne Jackson ; Jenny Beck BA (Hons) ; Marie Lowe

www.jba-landmarc.com

Registration no. 08169866 VAT no. 512 4127 91

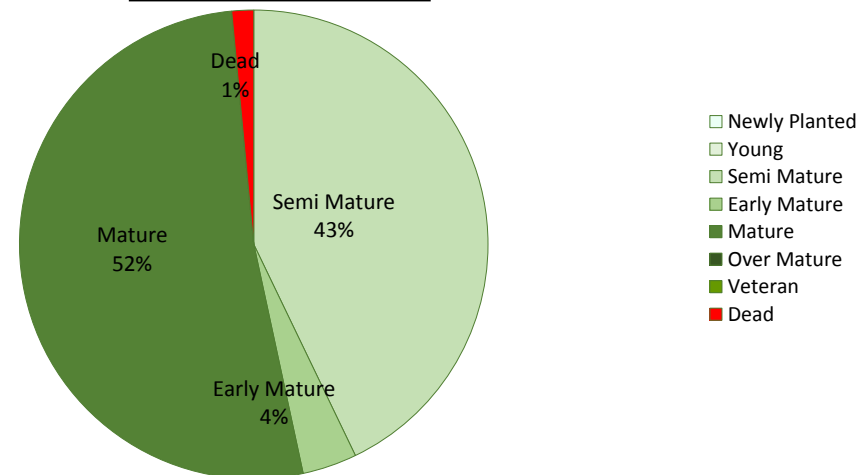
BS Category	Total
Category A	0
Category B	74
Category C	54
Category U	5
	133

BS CATEGORY CHART



Age Class	Total
Newly Planted	0
Young	0
Semi Mature	57
Early Mature	5
Mature	69
Over Mature	0
Veteran	0
Dead	2
	133

AGE CLASS CHART



Tree Survey Schedule

Site name: SLP Pipeline: Guildford Road, Lightwater
 Client: Jacobs UK Ltd
 Job Number: 19/172

Survey Date: 2 and 3 July 2019
 Surveyor: Kevin Slezacek

Tree No.	Tree Species	Life Stage	Stem Ø (mm) at 1.5m	Height (crown height) (m)	Height of (FSB)	Crown Spread				Condition	Comments	Tree Management Recommendations	Est Remaining Contribution (Years)	BS Cat	Radii Single Stem (m)	RPA (m)
						N	E	S	W							
T1	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	SM	290	12(3)		3	4	3.5	3	Good	Minor dead wood.		20+	B2	3.5	38
T2	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	SM	300	18(9)		3	2	3	3	Good	Unable to fully inspect - ivy.		20+	B2	3.6	41
T3	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	SM	350	19(10)		3	3	3	2	Good	Unable to fully inspect - ivy. Grown as a pair with T2.		20+	B2	4.2	55
T4	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	SM	350	20(10)		3	2	4	2	Good	Minor dead wood.		20+	B2	4.2	55
T5	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	SM	280	20(12)		3	3	3	3	Good	Minor dead wood.		20+	B2	3.4	35
T6	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	SM	280	20(12)		3	3	3	3	Good	Minor dead wood.		20+	B2	3.4	35
T7	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	SM	320	17(8)		4	4	4	4	Good	Unable to fully inspect - fence. Stem diameter estimated. Branch pruning wounds.		20+	B2	3.8	46
T8	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	SM	360	20(9)		5	5	4	5	Good	Unable to fully inspect - fence. Stem diameter estimated.		20+	B2	4.3	59

Over 30 Years of Service, Value and Innovation

The Black Barn, Hall Road, Lavenham, Suffolk CO10 9QX
 tel: 01787 248216 fax: 01787 247264 email: jamesblake@jba-landmarc.com
 Chairman: James Blake BA (Hons) Dip LA (Hons) CMLI
 Company Secretary: Louise Blake BSc PGCE
 Directors: Elzbieta Zebrowska MSc Eng LArch MScEnvSc CMLI : Kevin Slezacek DipArb MArborA
 Associate Directors: Vivienne Jackson : Jenny Beck BA (Hons) : Marie Lowe

www.jba-landmarc.com

Registration no. 08169866 VAT no. 512 4127 91

Tree No.	Tree Species	Life Stage	Stem Ø (mm) at 1.5m	Height (crown height) (m)	Height of (FSB)	Crown Spread				Condition	Comments	Tree Management Recommendations	Est Remaining Contribution (Years)	BS Cat	Radii Single Stem (m)	RPA (m)
						N	E	S	W							
T9	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	EM	550	23(12)		6	6	4	6	Good	Unable to fully inspect - fence. Stem diameter estimated. Branch pruning wounds.		20+	B2	6.6	137
T10	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	D	500	18(9)		5	5	5	5	Dead	Unable to fully inspect - ivy. Unable to fully inspect - fence.		<10	U	6.0	113
G11	Betula pendula (Silver Birch),x Cupressocyparis leylandii (Leyland Cypress)	EM	250	17(0)		2	2	2	2	Fair	Unable to fully inspect - vegetation. Unable to fully inspect - fence.		10+	C2	3.0	28
T12	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	M	490	19(6)		3	3	2	3	Good	Minor dead wood.		20+	B2	5.9	109
T13	Betula pendula (Silver Birch)	M	410	18(4)		5	5	5	5	Poor	Major dead wood. Sparse crown.		10+	C1	4.9	76
T14	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	M	680	21(6)		5	5	5	5	Good	Minor dead wood.		20+	B2	8.2	209
T15	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	M	640	21(6)		4	6	6	6	Good	Minor dead wood.		20+	B2	7.7	185
T16	Pinus nigra ssp. laricio (Corsican Pine)	M	630	21(10)		6	6	8	6	Fair	Unable to fully inspect - vegetation. Minor dead wood. Sparse crown.		10+	C2	7.6	180

Tree No.	Tree Species	Life Stage	Stem Ø (mm) at 1.5m	Height (crown height) (m)	Height of (FSB)	Crown Spread				Condition	Comments	Tree Management Recommendations	Est Remaining Contribution (Years)	BS Cat	Radii Single Stem (m)	RPA (m)
						N	E	S	W							
T17	Cryptomeria japonica (Japanese Red Cedar)	SM	340	17(3)		2	2	2	2	Fair	Minor dead wood. Stem exudation.		10+	C2	4.1	52
T18	Cryptomeria japonica (Japanese Red Cedar)	SM	330	14(1)		3	3	3	3	Fair	Unable to fully inspect - vegetation. Minor dead wood.		10+	C2	4.0	49
T19	Betula pendula (Silver Birch)	EM	180	14(2)		3	3	3	3	Fair	Suppressed form.		10+	C2	2.2	15
G20	Quercus robur (Common Oak), Fagus sylvatica (Common Beech), Cryptomeria japonica (Japanese Red Cedar)	SM	260	15(3)		3	3	3	3	Good	Mixed boundary screening.		20+	B2	3.1	31
T21	Quercus robur (Common Oak)	SM	370	17(5)		3	5	7	5	Fair	Branch stubs. Large stem wound at base.		10+	C2	4.4	62
T22	Quercus robur (Common Oak)	SM	390	17(3)		7	7	4	4	Fair	Minor dead wood.		10+	C2	4.7	69
T23	Betula pendula (Silver Birch)	EM	265	15(5)		5	2	5	5	Fair	Minor dead wood.		10+	C2	3.2	32
T24	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	M	465	18(4)		3	4	5	5	Fair			20+	B2	5.6	98

Tree No.	Tree Species	Life Stage	Stem Ø (mm) at 1.5m	Height (crown height) (m)	Height of (FSB)	Crown Spread				Condition	Comments	Tree Management Recommendations	Est Remaining Contribution (Years)	BS Cat	Radii Single Stem (m)	RPA (m)
						N	E	S	W							
T25	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	M	520	19(5)		3	3	7	4	Fair	Minor dead wood.		20+	B2	6.2	122
T26	Quercus robur (Common Oak)	SM	290	14(5)		6	2	4	6	Fair	Situated on embankment with eroded root zone.		10+	C2	3.5	38
T27	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	SM	380	17(10)		5	5	5	5	Fair			10+	C2	4.6	65
T28	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	SM	380	15		5	5	5	5	Fair	Unable to fully inspect - vegetation. Minor dead wood.		10+	C2	4.6	65
T29	Quercus robur (Common Oak)	SM	320	12		5	5	5	5	Fair	Unable to fully inspect - vegetation.		10+	C2	3.8	46
T30	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	D	500	18		4	4	4	4	Dead	Unable to fully inspect - vegetation. Potential bat roost features.		<10	U	6.0	113
T31	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	SM	420	18(5)		7	3	3	7	Fair			10+	C2	5.0	80
T32	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	SM	380	18(4)		3	3	3	3	Fair			10+	C2	4.6	65

Tree No.	Tree Species	Life Stage	Stem Ø (mm) at 1.5m	Height (crown height) (m)	Height of (FSB)	Crown Spread				Condition	Comments	Tree Management Recommendations	Est Remaining Contribution (Years)	BS Cat	Radii Single Stem (m)	RPA (m)
						N	E	S	W							
T33	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	M	550	13(6)		7	4	7	4	Fair	Minor dead wood.		10+	C2	6.6	137
T34	Quercus robur (Common Oak)	SM	250	8(4)		4	4	4	4	Fair	Minor dead wood.		10+	C2	3.0	28
T35	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	M	640	16(6)		5	5	5	5	Fair			20+	B2	7.7	185
G36	Betula pendula (Silver Birch)	EM	566	14(3)		3	3	3	3	Fair	Not identified on topographical survey.		10+	C2	6.8	145
T37	Pinus nigra ssp. laricio (Corsican Pine)	M	660	20(7)		6	6	6	6	Fair	Minor dead wood. Sparse crown.		10+	C2	7.9	197
T38	Quercus robur (Common Oak)	SM	250	14		4	4	4	4	Fair			10+	C2	3.0	28
T39	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	M	720	20(5)		5	5	5	5	Good	Minor dead wood.		20+	B2	8.6	235
T40	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	SM	370	21		4	4	4	4	Fair	Minor dead wood.		10+	C2	4.4	62

Tree No.	Tree Species	Life Stage	Stem Ø (mm) at 1.5m	Height (crown height) (m)	Height of (FSB)	Crown Spread				Condition	Comments	Tree Management Recommendations	Est Remaining Contribution (Years)	BS Cat	Radii Single Stem (m)	RPA (m)
						N	E	S	W							
T41	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	SM	330	21		4	4	4	4	Fair	Minor dead wood.		10+	C2	4.0	49
T42	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	SM	470	22		5	4	4	4	Fair	Minor dead wood.		10+	C2	5.6	100
T43	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	SM	400	22		4	4	4	4	Fair	Minor dead wood.		10+	C2	4.8	72
T44	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	M	460	20		5	5	5	5	Good	Minor dead wood.		20+	B2	5.5	96
T45	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	M	660	21		8	8	8	8	Good	Minor dead wood. Hangers in crown.		20+	B2	7.9	197
T46	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	M	400	20(5)		5	5	5	5	Good	Unable to fully inspect - vegetation. Minor dead wood.		20+	B2	4.8	72
T47	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	M	350	20		4	4	4	1	Good	Unable to fully inspect - vegetation.		20+	B2	4.2	55
T48	Betula pendula (Silver Birch)	SM	290	18(6)		1	2	4	4	Good	Suppressed form.		10+	C1	3.5	38

Tree No.	Tree Species	Life Stage	Stem Ø (mm) at 1.5m	Height (crown height) (m)	Height of (FSB)	Crown Spread				Condition	Comments	Tree Management Recommendations	Est Remaining Contribution (Years)	BS Cat	Radii Single Stem (m)	RPA (m)
						N	E	S	W							
T49	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	M	390	20		5	5	5	5	Fair	Minor dead wood.		10+	C2	4.7	69
T50	Betula pendula (Silver Birch)	SM	300	16(4)		3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	Fair			10+	C2	3.6	41
T51	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	M	500	16(7)		6	6	6	6	Good	Unable to fully inspect - fence.		20+	B2	6.0	113
T52	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	M	500	16(8)		3	2	5	3	Good	Unable to fully inspect - fence.		20+	B2	6.0	113
T53	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	M	480	16(8)		4	4	4	4	Fair	Unable to fully inspect - fence.		20+	B2	5.8	104
T54	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	M	500	18		6	6	6	6	Good	Unable to fully inspect - fence.		20+	B2	6.0	113
T55	Betula pendula (Silver Birch)	SM	230	9(1)		3	3	3	3	Fair			10+	C1	2.8	24
T56	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	M	450	22(6)		4	4	4	4	Good	Unable to fully inspect - fence. Branch pruning wounds.		20+	B2	5.4	92

Tree No.	Tree Species	Life Stage	Stem Ø (mm) at 1.5m	Height (crown height) (m)	Height of (FSB)	Crown Spread				Condition	Comments	Tree Management Recommendations	Est Remaining Contribution (Years)	BS Cat	Radii Single Stem (m)	RPA (m)
						N	E	S	W							
G57	Betula pendula (Silver Birch)	SM	400	16(1)		4	4	4	4	Fair	Unable to fully inspect - vegetation.		10+	C2	4.8	72
T58	Betula pendula (Silver Birch)	SM	290	16(2)		4	4	4	4	Good	Visible root damage.		20+	B2	3.5	38
T59	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	M	640	23(5)		5	5	5	5	Good			20+	B2	7.7	185
T60	Betula pendula (Silver Birch)	SM	331	14		5	5	5	5	Good			10+	C2	4.0	50
T61	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	M	490	20(8)		3	2	4	4	Good	Minor dead wood.		20+	B2	5.9	109
T62	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	M	430	18(6)		4	3	3	2	Fair	Minor dead wood. Sparse crown.		10+	C2	5.2	84
T63	Betula pendula (Silver Birch)	M	460	14(4)		5	5	5	5	Fair	Unable to fully inspect - vegetation.		10+	C2	5.5	96
T64	Quercus robur (Common Oak)	SM	280	12(5)		5	3	2	3	Fair			10+	C2	3.4	35

Tree No.	Tree Species	Life Stage	Stem Ø (mm) at 1.5m	Height (crown height) (m)	Height of (FSB)	Crown Spread				Condition	Comments	Tree Management Recommendations	Est Remaining Contribution (Years)	BS Cat	Radii Single Stem (m)	RPA (m)
						N	E	S	W							
T65	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	M	480	22(6)		4	4	4	4	Good	Unable to fully inspect - fence.		20+	B2	5.8	104
T66	Betula pendula (Silver Birch)	SM	350	16(3)		4	4	4	4	Fair	Unable to fully inspect - vegetation.		10+	C2	4.2	55
T67	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	M	620	22(10)		7	7	7	7	Good			20+	B2	7.4	174
T68	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	M	540	18(6)		7	5	6	6	Good	Minor dead wood.		20+	B2	6.5	132
T69	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	M	470	19(7)		4	4	4	4	Good			20+	B2	5.6	100
G70	Betula pendula (Silver Birch), Quercus robur (Common Oak)	SM	400	15(2)		5	5	5	5	Fair			10+	C2	4.8	72
T71	Betula pendula (Silver Birch)	M	320	17(2)		6	6	6	6	Fair			10+	C2	3.8	46
T72	Fagus sylvatica (Common Beech)	M	560	24(9)		8	8	8	8	Good	Branch pruning wounds. Form suggests crown reduction.		20+	B2	6.7	142

Tree No.	Tree Species	Life Stage	Stem Ø (mm) at 1.5m	Height (crown height) (m)	Height of (FSB)	Crown Spread				Condition	Comments	Tree Management Recommendations	Est Remaining Contribution (Years)	BS Cat	Radii Single Stem (m)	RPA (m)
						N	E	S	W							
T73	Fagus sylvatica (Common Beech)	M	570	25(10)		8	8	8	8	Good	Branch pruning wounds. Historic crown reduction.		20+	B2	6.8	147
T74	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	M	700	20(8)		7	7	7	7	Good	Unable to fully inspect - fence. Minor dead wood.		20+	B2	8.4	222
T75	Castanea sativa (Sweet Chestnut)	SM	310	15(2)		5	5	5	5	Good			20+	B2	3.7	43
T76	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	SM	430	18(10)		5	5	5	5	Good			20+	B2	5.2	84
T77	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	SM	340	17(10)		3	3	3	3	Fair	Sparse crown.		10+	C2	4.1	52
T78	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	M	480	20(11)		6	6	6	6	Good	Major dead wood. Branch pruning wounds.		20+	B2	5.8	104
T79	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	M	565	17(5)		5	5	5	5	Fair	Minor dead wood. Multi-stemmed from base. Sparse crown.		10+	C2	6.8	144
T80	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	M	490	23(15)		5	5	5	5	Good	Minor dead wood.		20+	B2	5.9	109

Tree No.	Tree Species	Life Stage	Stem Ø (mm) at 1.5m	Height (crown height) (m)	Height of (FSB)	Crown Spread				Condition	Comments	Tree Management Recommendations	Est Remaining Contribution (Years)	BS Cat	Radii Single Stem (m)	RPA (m)
						N	E	S	W							
T81	Fagus sylvatica (Common Beech)	SM	344	16(7)		7	7	7	7	Fair	Tight weak fork between stems with included bark. Wire embedded in stem.		10+	C2	4.1	54
T82	Fagus sylvatica (Common Beech)	SM	310	16(7)		7	7	7	7	Good			20+	B2	3.7	43
T83	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	SM	360	20(9)		4	4	4	4	Fair	Unable to fully inspect - vegetation. Minor dead wood. Sparse crown.		10+	C2	4.3	59
T84	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	SM	320	20(9)		4	4	4	4	Fair	Unable to fully inspect - vegetation. Minor dead wood. Sparse crown.		10+	C2	3.8	46
T85	Fagus sylvatica (Common Beech)	M	630	22(6)		8	8	8	8	Good	Stem bifurcates at 1.4m Included bark. Wire in stem.		20+	B2	7.6	180
T86	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	SM	500	23(10)		5	5	5	5	Good	Unable to fully inspect - fence.		20+	B2	6.0	113
T87	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	SM	400	18(8)		5	5	5	5	Good	Minor dead wood.		20+	B2	4.8	72
T88	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	M	520	22(10)		6	6	6	6	Good	Unable to fully inspect - fence.		20+	B2	6.2	122

Tree No.	Tree Species	Life Stage	Stem Ø (mm) at 1.5m	Height (crown height) (m)	Height of (FSB)	Crown Spread				Condition	Comments	Tree Management Recommendations	Est Remaining Contribution (Years)	BS Cat	Radii Single Stem (m)	RPA (m)
						N	E	S	W							
T89	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	M	450	20(12)		3	3	4	4	Good	Unable to fully inspect - fence.		20+	B2	5.4	92
T90	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	SM	410	22(12)		6	6	6	6	Good			20+	B2	4.9	76
T91	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	M	550	21(15)		5	5	5	5	Good	Unable to fully inspect - fence. Branch pruning wounds.		20+	B2	6.6	137
T92	Quercus robur (Common Oak)	SM	350	18(2)		5	5	5	5	Fair	Unable to fully inspect - fence. Minor dead wood. Sparse crown.		10+	C2	4.2	55
T93	Betula pendula (Silver Birch)	SM	260	18(3)		4	4	4	4	Good	Unable to fully inspect - vegetation.		20+	B2	3.1	31
T94	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	M	600	18(10)		5	5	6	5	Good	Unable to fully inspect - fence. Minor dead wood.		20+	B2	7.2	163
T95	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	SM	460	21(12)		4	4	4	4	Good	Unable to fully inspect - fence. Minor dead wood.		20+	B2	5.5	96
T96	Quercus robur (Common Oak)	SM	480	16(3)		4	7	3	3	Good	Unable to fully inspect - fence. Suppressed form.		10+	C2	5.8	104

Tree No.	Tree Species	Life Stage	Stem Ø (mm) at 1.5m	Height (crown height) (m)	Height of (FSB)	Crown Spread				Condition	Comments	Tree Management Recommendations	Est Remaining Contribution (Years)	BS Cat	Radii Single Stem (m)	RPA (m)
						N	E	S	W							
T97	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	M	950	24(6)		5	5	8	8	Good	Major dead wood. Stem wounds. Stem bifurcates at 1.5m with included bark.		20+	B2	11.4	408
T98	Quercus robur (Common Oak)	SM	340	17(3)		5	5	5	5	Fair			10+	C2	4.1	52
T99	Quercus robur (Common Oak)	SM	270	10		3	2	4	4	Poor	Unable to fully inspect - fence. In terminal decline. Bird box on stem.		<10	U	3.2	33
T100	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	M	550	26(12)		8	8	8	8	Good			20+	B2	6.6	137
T101	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	M	800	26(8)		8	8	8	8	Good	Unable to fully inspect - vegetation.		20+	B2	9.6	290
T102	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	SM	420	26(10)		5	5	5	5	Good	Minor dead wood.		20+	B2	5.0	80
T103	Quercus robur (Common Oak)	M	540	24(10)		7	7	7	7	Good	Unable to fully inspect - ivy.		20+	B2	6.5	132
T104	Quercus robur (Common Oak)	SM	290	20(5)		5	5	5	5	Good			20+	B2	3.5	38

Tree No.	Tree Species	Life Stage	Stem Ø (mm) at 1.5m	Height (crown height) (m)	Height of (FSB)	Crown Spread				Condition	Comments	Tree Management Recommendations	Est Remaining Contribution (Years)	BS Cat	Radii Single Stem (m)	RPA (m)
						N	E	S	W							
T105	Quercus robur (Common Oak)	M	700	24(8)		9	5	9	9	Good	Unable to fully inspect - fence.		20+	B2	8.4	222
T106	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	M	600	18		4	4	4	4	Poor	Unable to fully inspect - fence. In terminal decline. Extensive crown dieback.		<10	U	7.2	163
T107	Quercus robur (Common Oak)	SM	360	18(8)		3	3	5	2	Fair			10+	C2	4.3	59
T108	Quercus robur (Common Oak)	SM	390	18(4)		6	6	6	6	Fair			10+	C2	4.7	69
T109	Quercus robur (Common Oak)	M	590	22(3)		6	7	7	8	Good			20+	B2	7.1	158
T110	Betula pendula (Silver Birch)	M	320	18(4)		5	5	5	5	Good			20+	B2	3.8	46
T111	Quercus robur (Common Oak)	M	763	16(5)		7	7	7	7	Fair	Unable to fully inspect - vegetation. Multi-stemmed from base. Branch pruning wounds. Structurally poor. Fused limbs.		10+	C2	9.2	264
T112	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	SM	485	24(12)		6	6	6	6	Good	Minor dead wood.		20+	B2	5.8	106

Tree No.	Tree Species	Life Stage	Stem Ø (mm) at 1.5m	Height (crown height) (m)	Height of (FSB)	Crown Spread				Condition	Comments	Tree Management Recommendations	Est Remaining Contribution (Years)	BS Cat	Radii Single Stem (m)	RPA (m)
						N	E	S	W							
T113	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	M	510	23(8)		7	7	5	5	Fair	Minor dead wood.		20+	B2	6.1	118
T114	Quercus robur (Common Oak)	M	750	18(9)		9	9	9	9	Good	Unable to fully inspect - vegetation. Stem bifurcates at 3m.		20+	B2	9.0	255
T115	Quercus robur (Common Oak)	M	620	22(7)		10	10	10	10	Good			20+	B2	7.4	174
T116	Quercus robur (Common Oak)	M	650	20		6	6	6	6	Fair	Unable to fully inspect - ivy. Stem diameter estimated. Sparse crown.		10+	C2	7.8	191
T117	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	SM	350	24(6)		4	4	4	4	Fair			10+	C2	4.2	55
T118	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	M	430	24(4)		5	5	5	5	Fair	Unable to fully inspect - ivy. Minor dead wood.		10+	C2	5.2	84
T119	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	M	450	21		4	5	3	3	Fair	Stem diameter estimated. Potential bat roost features. Large stem wound and cavity.		10+	C2	5.4	92
T120	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	M	520	22(7)		4	4	4	4	Good			20+	B2	6.2	122

Tree No.	Tree Species	Life Stage	Stem Ø (mm) at 1.5m	Height (crown height) (m)	Height of (FSB)	Crown Spread				Condition	Comments	Tree Management Recommendations	Est Remaining Contribution (Years)	BS Cat	Radii Single Stem (m)	RPA (m)
						N	E	S	W							
T121	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	M	600	24(13)		8	8	8	8	Good	Unable to fully inspect - fence. Stem diameter estimated. Minor dead wood. Branch pruning wounds.		20+	B2	7.2	163
T122	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	M	590	20(10)		5	5	5	5	Fair	Minor dead wood.		10+	C2	7.1	158
T123	Quercus robur (Common Oak)	SM	390	24(8)		7	7	7	7	Good			20+	B2	4.7	69
T124	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	M	670	22(11)		8	8	8	8	Good	Minor dead wood.		20+	B2	8.0	203
T125	Quercus robur (Common Oak)	M	580	22(3)		10	10	10	10	Good	Unable to fully inspect - fence. Stem diameter estimated.		20+	B2	7.0	152
T126	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	M	560	22(8)		7	7	7	7	Good	Minor dead wood.		20+	B2	6.7	142
T127	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	M	500	20(8)		3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	Fair	Unable to fully inspect - fence.		10+	C2	6.0	113
T128	Pseudotsuga menziesii (Douglas Fir)	M	600	26(8)		8	8	8	8	Good	Unable to fully inspect - fence.		20+	B2	7.2	163

Tree No.	Tree Species	Life Stage	Stem Ø (mm) at 1.5m	Height (crown height) (m)	Height of (FSB)	Crown Spread				Condition	Comments	Tree Management Recommendations	Est Remaining Contribution (Years)	BS Cat	Radii Single Stem (m)	RPA (m)
						N	E	S	W							
T129	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	M	570	20(11)		4	4	4	4	Good			20+	B2	6.8	147
T130	Quercus robur (Common Oak)	M	600	24(5)		10	10	10	10	Good	Unable to fully inspect - vegetation. Stem diameter estimated.		20+	B2	7.2	163
T131	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	M	470	21(12)		3	3	3	3	Poor	Major dead wood. Soil compaction. Sparse crown.		<10	U	5.6	100
T132	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	M	500	23(8)		6	6	6	6	Good	Unable to fully inspect - vegetation. Stem diameter estimated.		20+	B2	6.0	113
T133	Pinus sylvestris (Scots Pine)	M	530	20(8)		7	7	7	7	Fair	Minor dead wood. Soil compaction. Sparse crown.		10+	C2	6.4	127